

Alpine Marking Pattern 2014

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Natasha Peters, David Izquierdo Acebes & Richard Zink - IBM 08.05.2014

Grands Causses (F)

Release 20th of May



BG 794 „Causses 1“ right wing: 3-4/23-24
tail right: 3-5

Born 16.02.2014 in Ostrava, sex male
Rings: right silver with code **151**, left pink



BG 795 „Causses 2“ left wing: 3-4/12-13

Born 19.02.2014 in RFZ, sex female
Rings: right silver with code **161**, left black

Hohe Tauern, Fleißtal (A)

Release 23rd of May



BG 790 „Tauern 1“ left wing: 2-4
right wing: 22-24

Born: 11.02.2014 in Liberec, sex male
Rings: right silver with code **171**, left violet



BG 793 „Tauern 2“ left wing: 2-3
right wing: 5-6/9-10

Born: 16.02.2014 in Vallcalent, sex male
Rings: right silver with code **181**, left silver

Calfeisen (CH)

Release 29th of May



BG 797 „Calfeisen 1“ right wing: 10-11
left wing: 23-25

Born: 22.02.2014 in Goldau, sex male
Rings: right silver with code **191**, left gold



BG 802 „Calfeisen 2“ right wing: 4-5
left wing: 2-3/20-21

Born: 23.02.2014 in La Garenne, sex male
Rings: right silver with code **1A1**, left green

Note: Individual BG code only visible in the left ring. View is from below; primaries and secondaries are counted continuously from the wing tip towards the body Tail feathers are counted from lateral.

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ATTENTION!

Checklist for Bearded Vulture Release Procedure

Before the birds are definitely released (brought to the release cave)

Please make sure to:

- Check the position of visible plumage marks (number of bleach feathers and right/left side)
- Leave the tips of bleached feathers black (unbleached) so as to distinguish between moulted and bleached feathers when seen in flight
- Take photos of both spread wings and tail from below and above
- Check ringing status:
 - Regional (colour) ring placed on the left leg
 - Identification rings on the right leg*
 - Take pictures of both legs ringed (in same picture if possible)

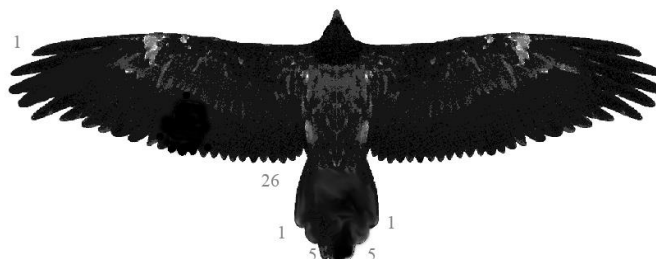
*Ringing information:

The identification rings should be read from the bottom-up, given the first numbers are the most important for demography studies (see picture below).



Please send data and pictures immediately to gyp-monitoring@aon.at

Your data will be put into the **IBM data base** in order to make sure birds can be re-identified many years later.



Note for bleaching: View is from below; primaries and secondaries are counted continuously from the wing tip towards the body Tail feathers are counted from lateral

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